#### RAMAKRISHNA VIVEKANANDA MISSION

## Solved Answer Paper, Class -III

#### Sub – English

F.M. - 100

### A) Multiple Choice

- 1 a) kind
- 2 c) truly
- 3 a) scorpion
- 4 a) cruel
- 5 c) sympathy
- 6 c) dark brown
- 7 c) R.L. Stevenson
- 8 b) 1850
- 9 c) less
- 10 c) উপত্যকা
- 11 c) gardener
- 12 a) distract
- 13 a) late
- 14 b) major
- 15 a) জমায়েত
- 16 b) ময়না তদন্ত
- $17 \, a) old$
- 18 a) river
- 19 b) happy
- 20 a) student
- 21 c) tiny
- 22 b) সৃষ্টি
- 23 a) W and Y
- 24 a) two types
- 25 a) 26
- 26 c) 5
- 27 a) proper
- 28 b) collective
- 29 a) common
- 30 a) abstract
- 31 a) salt
- 32 a) abstract noun

- 33 a) abstract noun
- 34 a) proper noun
- 35 a) national integration
- 36 a) courage and sacrifice
- 37 a) 1931
- 38 a) a sense of pride
- 39 a) economic freedom
- 40 a) spiritual and material progress
- 41 a) three
- 42 a) inspiring
- 43 a) Lurana Sheldon
- 44 a) Panna
- 45 a) Unsure
- 46 a) স্বার্থপর
- 47 a) Complete
- 48 a) মর্মান্তিক
- 49 a) meek
- 50) তরবারি

B)

- i) Panna was a faithful nurse. She loved Prince Udaya Singh more than her son.
- ii) Banbir actually killed the sleeping child of Panna.
- iii) Panna is still remembered for her exemplary sacrifice.
- iv) Red, green and white were the three colours in our national flag in 1921.
- v) After India became free, the charkha was replaced by Chakra.
- vi) Freemen love to enjoy freedom in their own free land.
- vii) One day the hermit saw a scorpion in a helpless condition in the water.
- viii) The nature of scorpion is to give pain to others.
- ix) The identified person was Sakha Ram, a student of XI Arts.
- x) The cremation took place after the post mortem.
- C) Mouse mice
  - Louse Lice
  - Knife Knives

Half – Halves Child – Children

D) Present - Past
Do - Did
Catch - Caught
Bring - Brought
Sleep - Slept
Get - Got

E)

- i) A white flower.
- ii) An old man.
- iii) I shall stay here.
- iv) Do not quarrel.
- v) We slept for a long time.

# F) <u>Rabindranath Tagore</u>

Rabindranath Tagore is one of the greatest sons India has ever produced. He was a versatile genius. But mainly as a poet he is known to us. He was born at Jorasanko in Calcutta in 1861. Maharshi Debendranath and Sarada Devi were his parents. In 1913, he got the prestigious Nobel Prize for his wonderful contribution in the field of Literature. He also founded Vishwabharati University at Shantiniketan in 1902. He rejected 'knighthood' in protest against Jalianwallabag massacre in 1919. He passed away in 1941. Though he is no more with us, his ideas and ideals still inspire and encourage the whole humanity.

G) পরীক্ষা – Examination

গোলাপ – Rose

জবা – Chinarose

চাঁপা – Champak

শেফালী - Night Jasmine